

SUBJECT - English

CLASS - X

TOPIC - Grammar (Integrated)

DATE -

★ Complete the following passage by choosing the correct options :-

The pride of ownership (a) _____ made near the most cruel animal (b) _____ the world. He (c) _____ palatial buildings and big cities on the (d) _____ of small creatures and other humans dwellers.

- (a) (i) has (ii) had (iii) have (iv) has been
- (b) (i) in (ii) around (iii) of (iv) on
- (c) (i) has built (ii) built (iii) had built (iv) builds
- (d) (i) habitat (ii) creates (iii) bring (iv) out will

★ Read the news items given below and complete the sentences :-

(a) GOENKA MADE SANGYONG CHAIRMAN
Mukunda & Mukunda on Thursday said that the President of its automotive farm equipment business; Para-Agri

(b) TIBETAN MONK SETS HIMSELF ABLAZE, DIES
Tension gripped the politically sensitive Aba country of South China, after _____

(c) SECURITY AGENCIES TO SEEK INTERPOL HELP
The national security agencies _____ the co-operation of Antepel in peaking the transnational connection of human trafficking of Sularban Tamil.

(d) MAN HELD AT 191 AIRPORT WITH 51 KG OF HEROIN
A foreigner _____ at the India Gandhi International Airport with 51 kg of heroin, officials _____

It is a normal human tendency to drop anything that is painful embrace all gives pleasure. But does that really help? We hardly realize that the pain are undergoing whether good or for bad reasons, only going to make us stronger and able to handle such situations better. Pain is a part of life. We inclined to avoid pain.

★ Choose the correct options to complete the dialogues :-

Rehmat: Hello Sham!
Sham: What a pleasant surprise!
Rehmat: Friend, what (a) _____?
Sham: My wife is a working woman. She is always busy but takes care of my daughter and me whenever she finds time.

Robert: You mean, you are blessed (b) _____ and you not informed me yet! Didn't you feel to inform Sham? Actually, I did not mean that. All I wanted was give you a surprise.

Rehmat: By the way (c) _____ your daughter whom does (d) _____? (a) (i) to a (b) (ii) with a marriage (c) (iii) with a daughter (d) (iv) in a

(a) (i) about your sister (ii) is your name (b) (i) about your job (ii) all about your family (c) (i) she eat (ii) how is she (iii) how is your wife (iv) is your daughter (d) (i) she eat (ii) she reasonable (iii) she

★ Re-arrange the following words to make meaningful sentences :-
(a) this environment / causing / of ours / to / we are / an / improving

(b) our citizens / clothing / and / our cities / air pollution / is

(c) of flooding / global warming / due to / there is a / chilling po

* Read the following conversations and then complete the following paragraphs :-

(I) Ravi: What a cold day it is! I think it's the coldest day of this season.

SHYAM: I don't mind the cold. It is the summer that bothers me.

Ravi exclaimed that (a) _____ and added that (b) _____ and (c) _____ and (d) _____ . Shyam replied that (e) _____ and (f) _____ .

(II) MRS. MARGIE: Do you have this shoe in red?

SALESMAN: What shoe do you mean?

MRS. MARGIE: "Five" is my size... but I wear "eight" because "fives" hurt my feet so much!

was missing was sitting at a shoe store. After hours of careful trials she zoned in on a pink pair but did not like the colour and asked the salesman (a) _____. He asked her (b) _____. Mrs. Margie quite proudly announced that (c) _____. She much and added that (d) _____ and (e) _____ .

(III) TEACHER: Why have you again disturbed the class in this way?

STUDENT: What have I done, Sir?

TEACHER: I have told you before, that when I am speaking, you should be silent.

STUDENT: I am sorry, Sir. This will not happen again.

The teacher became angry with the student and (a) _____. The student asked respectfully (b) _____. The teacher reminded him (c) _____. The student felt sorry and said (d) _____. The student

(IV) GANAPATHY: Are you free tomorrow?

MALINI: I don't have anything scheduled for the evening.

GANAPATHY: I would like to invite you to a party at Hotel Taj Mahal Palace.

MALINI: Yes! I would like to come. What's the occasion?

GANAPATHY: I'm celebrating my promotion at work. Ganapathy asked Malini (a) _____. Malini replied (b) _____. Malini exclaimed (c) _____. Malini explained that (d) _____. She then wanted to know what the occasion was. Ganapathy informed that (e) _____ .

SUBJECT - English

TOPIC - Comprehension
Passage

ASSIGNMENT SHEET

CLASS - X

DATE -

- * Read the following passage →
- (1) Smiles are good for your health. Studies in the USA have shown that when you smile your heart rate slows down, your blood pressure goes down and the body begins to relax. This happens whether you are feeling happy or not. In fact, if you're feeling unhappy, the simple act of smiling is the first step to feeling better.
 - (2) A smile makes you attractive. According to American dentists Melvin and Elaine Denholtz, an attractive smile should show most of the upper teeth, at least two thirds of the length, and just the tips of the lower teeth.
 - (3) When you smile a real smile, two things happen to your face: your lips move up towards your cheeks, and your cheeks themselves go up and gather in the skin around the eyes. And a real smile will usually only last for up to four seconds. False smiles are seen on the faces of politicians who have just lost an election, people who feign they're pleased to see you, and door-to-door salesmen. False smiles usually appear slightly too early or too late, and they tend to go on for too long.
 - (4) But if you really want to know if a smile is real or false, look at the eyes. They brighten up. In a false smile they don't change -- however much the person has practised smiling.

Answer the following questions by selecting the most appropriate options from the ones given below.

1. Smile is good for health
 - (a) even when one is not feeling happy
 - (b) only when one is feeling happy
 - (c) only when one relaxes
 - (d) only when one takes the first step to feeling better
2. A real smile is usually
 - (a) as long as a false one
 - (b) shorter than a false one
 - (c) longer than a false one
 - (d) more pretentious than a false one
3. One sure sign of a real smile is the
 - (a) length of its duration
 - (b) movement of one's lips
 - (c) brightness in one's eyes
 - (d) wrinkled skin around one's eyes
4. The author's intention in the last paragraph is to show
 - (a) how one can smile a real smile
 - (b) how one can smile a false smile
 - (c) how one can prolong a false smile
 - (d) how one can spot a real smile
5. The word 'feign' in paragraph 3 can be replaced by
 - (a) think
 - (b) find

SUBJECT - English

ASSIGNMENT SHEET

DATE -

TOPIC - Comprehension
Poem

* Read the following passage →

EARLY RISERS ARE MORE STRESSED

- (1) "Early to bed and early to rise makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise," this age-old saying has become irrelevant today since life styles have changed beyond recognition. The Internet, television programmes, late night parties, funky dances, commuting in traffic jams, etc. have rendered it impossible to retire early at night. The businessmen and executives are worst affected because most of their engagements continue into the late hours of the night. They prefer making long distance calls late at night when charges are reduced to one-third of the normal rates. Children burdened with home-work and those who compete in the highly competitive job market have to burn the midnight oil. The modern life style has affected one's sleeping hours. Busy people like politicians, bureaucrats, industrialists, businessmen, executives and professionals hardly get a full night's sleep.
- (2) In metropolitan cities, school-going children have to reach their schools early so they have to get up before sunrise. The lady of the house has to prepare breakfast and midday meals for her children, husband and even for herself if she is a working women. Therefore, it becomes a necessity to rise early. All such people should sleep early but it is not possible for them to do so. As a result, efficiency and performance suffer.
- (3) According to a report published in New Scientist magazine, early risers are more stressed than those who rise late. Researchers at the University of Westminster in London have discovered that people who get up early also have a higher level of cortisol, the body's main stress hormone. Early risers are also reported to have more muscle aches, cold symptoms and headaches and significantly worse moods.
- (4) The sum and substance is that there is strong correlation between sleep and efficiency. The more sound the sleep, the more will be freshness and desire to work. While children are supposed to sleep longer hours, adults must also have the full quota of undisturbed sleep.

On the basis of your reading of the above passage, complete the following statements as briefly as possible. Write the answers in the space provided. (5 Marks)

- (a) The age-old saying "Early to bed and early to rise makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise" has become irrelevant today. Three things that are responsible for it are : (½ + ½ = 1 Mark)
 - (i) Internet, television, late night parties, funky dances, traffic jams
 - (ii)
 - (iii)
- (b) "All such people should sleep early but it is not possible for them to do so." (Para 2) (1 Mark)
 - (i) 'All such people' here refer to
 - (ii) Rising early and sleeping late affect 'such people' by
- (c) Studies have revealed that early risers have : (i) (ii) (½ + ½ = 1 Mark)
- (d) Sleep and efficiency are correlated in the sense that (1 Mark)
- (e) A word in paragraph 1 which means the same as 'travelling' is (1 Mark)

Name -

Date -

ENGLISH ASSIGNMENT

COMPREHENSION POEM

CLASS - X

★ Read the following poem →
SONG OF THE GIRL CHILD

Don't get me married when I'm young,
Let me study, let me study!

(3) My sister Kajori is un-schooled, she has eight children,
And doesn't know how to raise them, so the lot of them are sick.
Let their sickness be less!

(6) Don't get me married when I'm young,
Let me study, let me study!
Many literate sisters go to work at jobs, but

(9) The illiterate sit, their veils pulled down,
In their homes, darkness and shadow.
Let me bring the new light!

(12) Don't get me married when I'm young.
Let me study, let me study!

by an unknown girl from Ajmer

(I) Given below is the summary of the poem. Complete it by writing the missing words in the space provided.
($\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$ Marks)

Instead of (a) me off early send me to (b) because I don't want to live with the stigma of illiteracy like my sister Kajori who married when she was herself a girl. Today she finds it difficult to (c) her eight children most of whom remain sick. I want to (d) their sickness. I want to light up the dark and shadowy world of my (e) sisters who sit with their veils pulled down. So don't get me married early for I want to (f)

(II) On the basis of your reading of the above poem, answer the following questions. Write the answers in the space provided.
(2 Marks)

(a) What two problems does the speaker's sister Kajori have? ($\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$ Mark)

(b) Let me bring the new light. What 'new light' does the speaker wish to bring? ($\frac{1}{2}$ Mark)

(c) Whom, do you think, is the poem addressed? ($\frac{1}{2}$ Mark)

EDUCATION FOR ALL

All children of the world
With their strengths, talents and weaknesses

- (3) Have a right to education.
They need the right motivation
To unearth their true potential
- (6) And develop a positive attitude
To scale higher altitudes.
Education means all round development
- (9) It instils a feeling of camaraderie,
Discipline, diligence, tolerance, patience and cooperation.
It sensitises and refines us.
- (12) The supportive environment helps us to grow
Education alone empowers to learn and know.

Answer the following questions by selecting the most appropriate options from the ones given below.

1. The purpose of right to education is
 - (a) weak students get education
 - (b) talented students get preference
 - (c) every child receives education
 - (d) students feel motivated
2. "To scale higher altitudes" (line 7) means
 - (a) to scale mountain peaks
 - (b) to get higher education
 - (c) to have a positive attitude
 - (d) to progress and move ahead
3. Lines that best describe the advantages of education are
 - (a) lines 3--4
 - (b) lines 7-8
 - (c) lines 9-10
 - (d) lines 11-12
4. By "supportive environment" the poet means which of the following?
 - (a) teachers support parents in educating their children
 - (b) all possible help is provided to students to learn
 - (c) government supports schools with funds
 - (d) right to education is supported by one and all
5. Which of the following words mean the same as "fellow-feeling"?
 - (a) patience
 - (b) diligence
 - (c) tolerance
 - (d) camaraderie